

1992: Neil Stephenson introduced the Metaverse, a virtual reality successor to the Internet. In his vision, humans represented by avatars frequent and explore an alternative world. Distributed Information: Complexity Theory in the Distributed information: Complexity Theory L Novels of Neal Stephenson and Linda Nagata John Johnston
Science Fiction Studies, Vol. 28, No. 2 (Jul., 2001), pp. 223-245 (23 pages) Neal Stephenson NEAL STEPHENSON

The Metaverse

NY Times, Febr. 2023

Applications

- Gaming
- Travel & tourism
- Real estate
- Education and learning
- Remote working
- Healthcare

The Next Hot Housing Market Is Out of This World. It's in the Metaverse.



Challenge: Disconnect between real and alternative worlds

Mirror World*

A representation of the real world in digital form

 that attempts to map real-world structures and activity in an (geographically) accurate way, similar to the concept of a digital twin

Differs from virtual worlds

 in that these have few direct connections to real models and thus are described more as fictions

Is bidirectional - MORE THAN A TWIN**

 Actions in Mirror World (may) reflect in Real World and vice versa



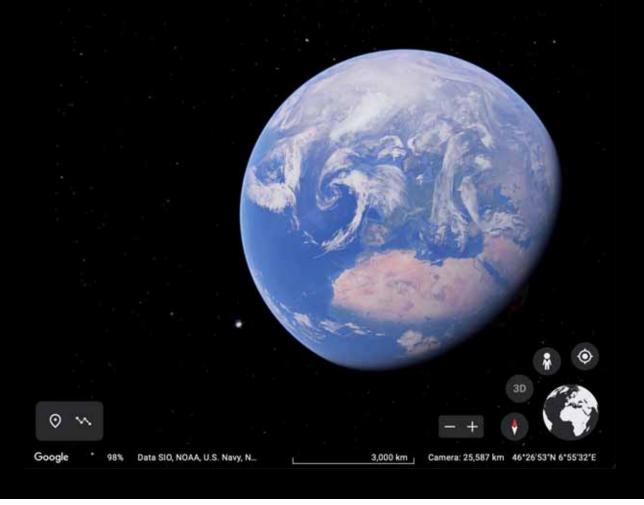
[Image created with Dall·E (openai.org)]

^{*} Term first popularized by David Gelertner [Mirror Worlds, Oxford Univ Press, 1991]

^{**} This departs from the original definition

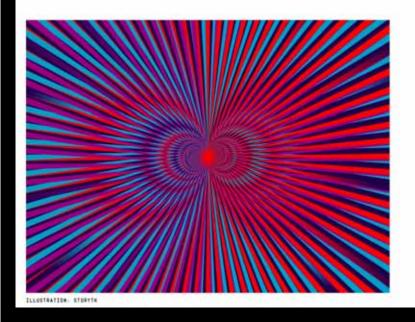
Digital Twin

Example: Google Earth



AR Will Spark the Next Big Tech Platform—Call It Mirrorworld

We are building a 1-to-1 map of almost unimaginable scope. When it's complete, our physical reality will merge with the digital universe.



The Narrow Definition

"The mirrorworld doesn't yet fully exist, but it is coming. Someday soon, every place and thing in the real world—every street, lamppost, building, and room—will have its full-size digital twin in the mirrorworld. For now, only tiny patches of the mirrorworld are visible through AR headsets."

[Wired Magazine, Febr 2019]

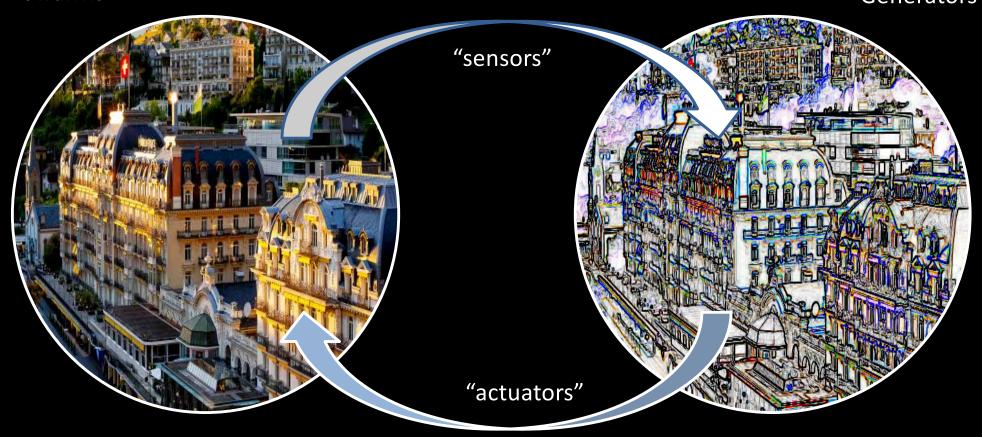
Mirror World is much more!

Fully intertwined with the real world

IoT Wearables Swarms

Mirror World

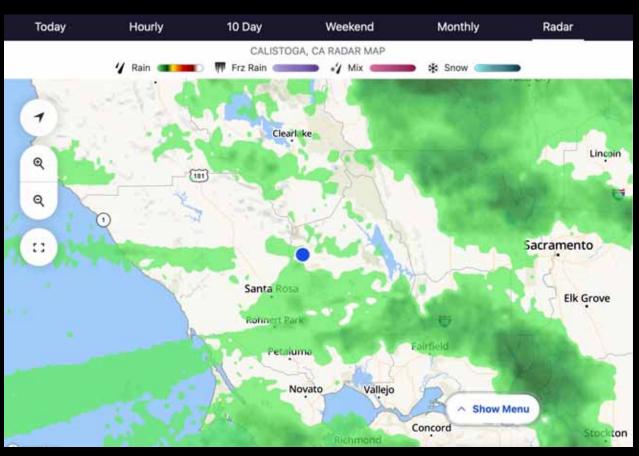
Models Simulators Generators



Mirror World Instantiations

- Environment/Agriculture
- Weather and climate
- Energy networks
- Automation
- (Electronic) system design/operation
- Mobility
- (Very) Smart homes
- Health and wellness

Weather in Mirror World

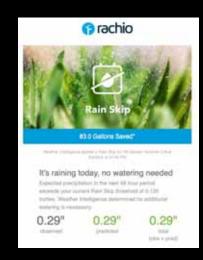


Virtual movie of rainfall obtained from sensors (Doppler radar) and models

Goes backward and forward in time

Provokes actions in Real

World



[Monday March 13, 2023]

Mobility in the Mirror World



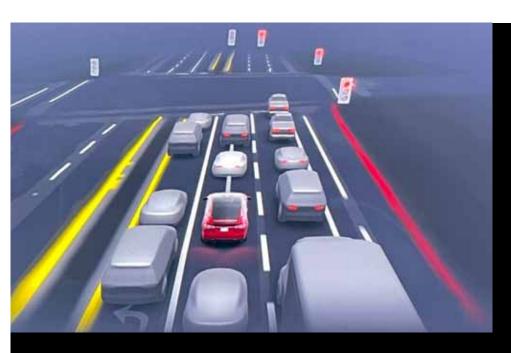
[Courtesy:Black Sheep Production]

[see also: Gerhard Fettweis, "Tactile Internet", 2015]

Not really extraordinary



One balmy evening in Hue, Vietnam (July 2018)



Tesla FSD Beta v10

Local 3D reconstruction of environment around car (using only video cameras)

Driving in the Mirror World



Expanding the scale

Intersection Control



[Courtesy: A. Bayen, UCB]





[619,442 vehicles, 1,102 signalized and 10,622 unsignalized intersections] [INRO Software]

Humans in the Mirror World



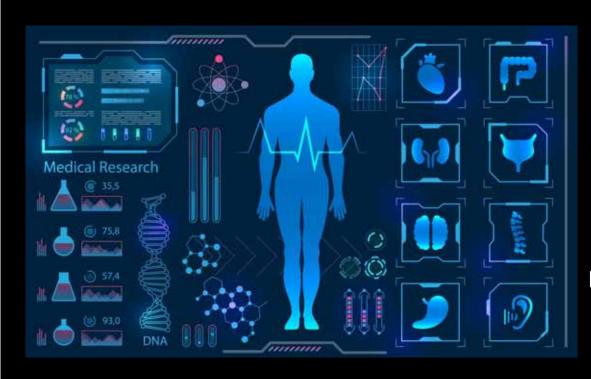


[Meta Quest 2, 2023]

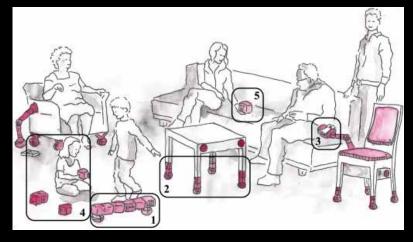
Humans in the Mirror World

Sensing Networking Computation -Actuation The Human Intranet [J. Rabaey, Pervasive. Comp., 2014] Image courtesy Y. Khan, UCB

Humans in the Mirror World



'Digital Twins' Could Be the Future of Personalized Medicine [Debenedette, 2021]



[Roombots, Ijspeert EPFL 2020]

Human-Machine Interaction

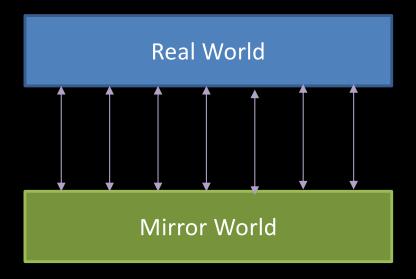


There is no single Mirror World

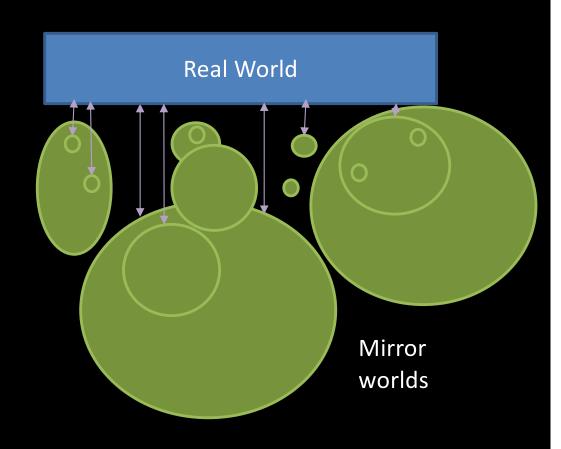
- There are MANY
- Personal, local, regional, global
- They may (or may not) be connected
- They co-exist and co-evolve
- Operate at different scales in time

"The omniverse(s)"

Mirror World Complexity

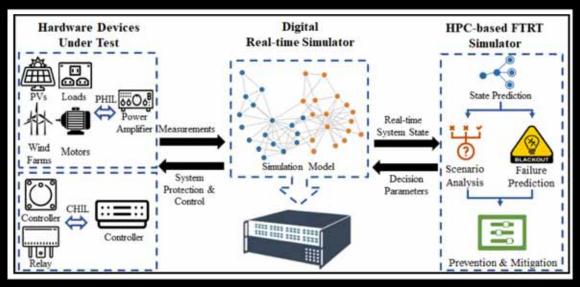


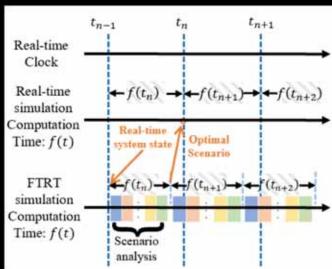
Infinite bandwidth Infinite complexity



Mirror World Time: Predicting the future

Faster than real time (FTRT) simulation





[Liu et al., Arxiv:2104.04149, 2021]

Possibility of evaluating many scenarios

Mirror World Time: Predicting the future

Generative models

Probabilistic Forecasting using Deep Generative Models

Alessandro Fanfarillo^{a,*}, Behrooz Roozitalab^b, Weiming Hu^c, Guido Cervone^{c,a}

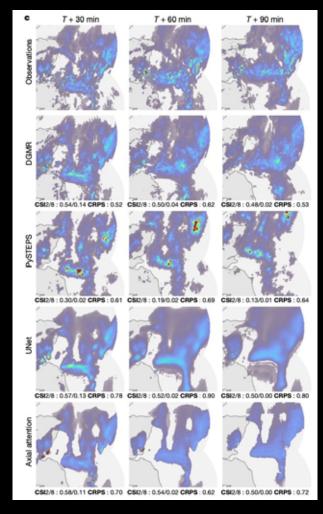
^aResearch Applications Laboratory, National Center for Atmospheric Research, Boulder, CO

Challenge: large enough data sets (?), robustness and trustworthiness

[Ravuri et al, Skilful precipitation nowcasting using deep generative models of radar, Nature, 2021]

CSI: Critical success index

CRPS: Continuously ranked probability score



Mirror World Time: Going Back or Replay

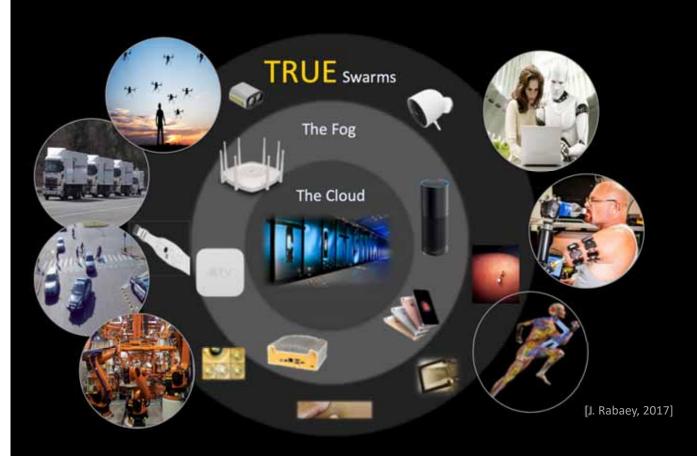


Mirror World has memory – and allows for reconstruction of the past

Storage???

["Belgian police releases video of Brussels Airport Suspect," nytimes, April 2016]

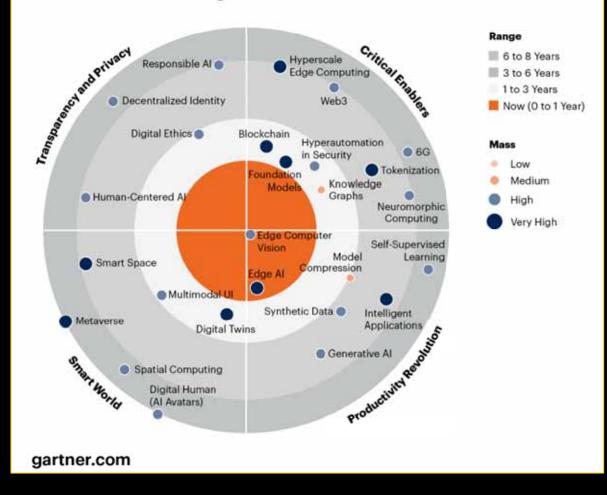
A World of Challenges



Scale & Integration

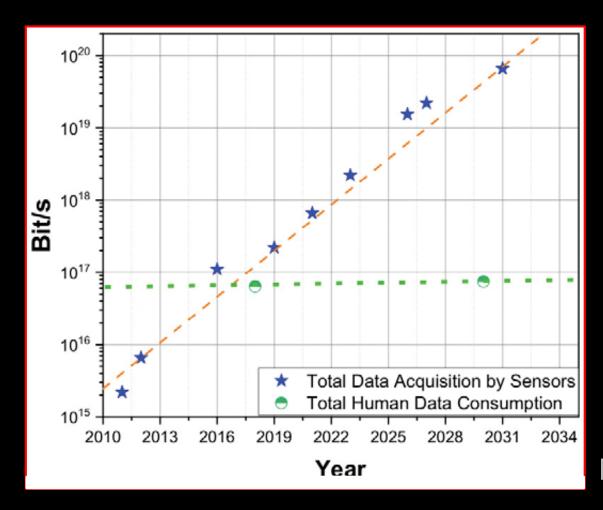
Computational Load
Memory
Bandwidth/Coverage/Latency
Energy efficiency
Robustness
Transparency
Security/Privacy/Liability
Ethics

2023 Gartner Emerging Technologies and Trends Impact Radar



Needed: full spectrum of innovation

Sensory overflow



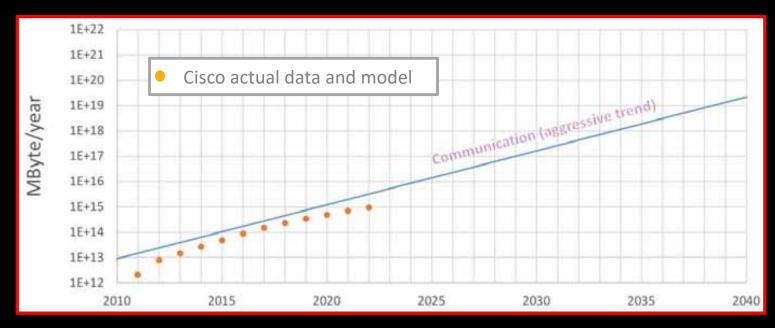
By 2032:

1 BrontoByte per year (or 10²⁰ bits/sec)

Human data consumption: ~70 GigaByte/day (or 6.5 10⁶ bits/sec)
Increases 5% per year

[SRC/SIA 2030 Decadal Plan]

Wireless Capacity Estimates

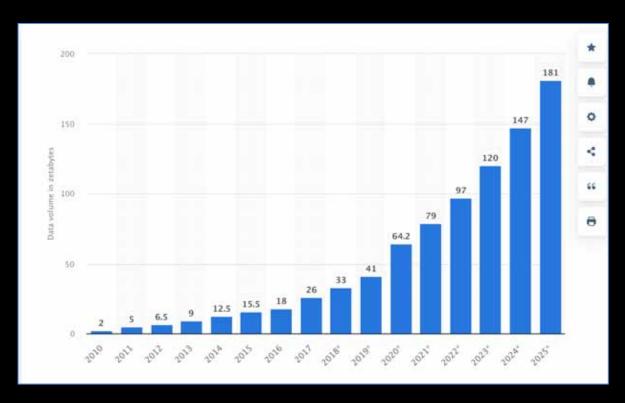


[SRC/SIA 2030 Decadal Plan]

sensor data: 3 10¹⁹ bit/sec 2030

communication capacity: 5 10¹⁶ bit/sec

Volume of data/information created, captured, copied, and consumed worldwide from 2010 to 2020 (in Zettabytes)



Need smart storage Store information, not data

[Source: Statistica, 2023]

Storing (reconstructing) the past



Parts of the brain active during perception are also active during recall of memories.

When memory of an image is stored, only the highest levels are kept, and lower levels are reconstructed (less precise)

[How your brain distinguishes memories from perceptions, WIRED, Jan. 2023]

Computational Load





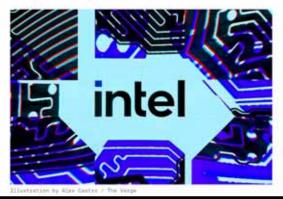
Communication

Earth's Complexity Is Non-Computable: The Limits of Scaling Laws, Nonlinearity and Chaos

Sergio Rubin * and Michel Crucifix 0

Earth is a complex system because it instantiates life at a planetary scale ...

Intel thinks the metaverse will need a thousand-fold increase in computing capability



/ A reality check for computing's next big leap

By CHAIM GARTENBERG / Sogartenberg Dec 16, 2021 at 6:15 AM GATI-B | [73 Comments / 8 Bass



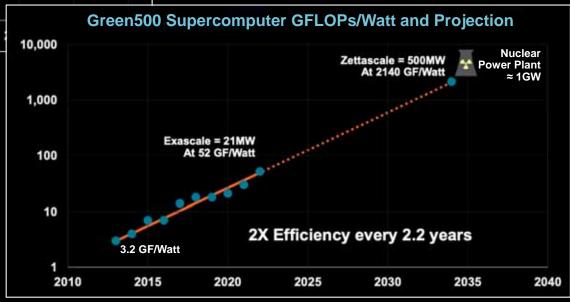


Computational Requirements

[Lisa Su, AMD, ISSCC 2023]

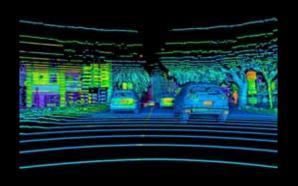
Energy the limiting factor

(see "Fall" – energy to download/run a brain)



Mirror World is distributed

Computing on the sensor, at the edge and in the cloud





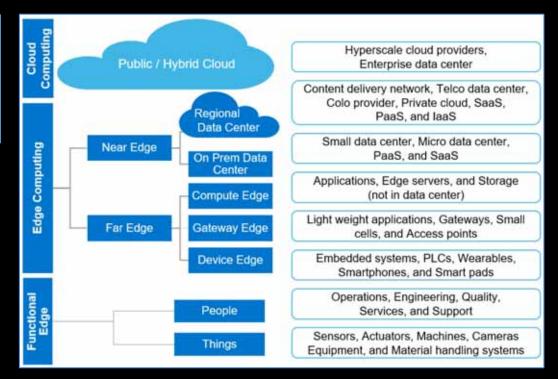


The Compute Continuum*

"An interconnected ecosystem allowing complex applications to be executed from IoT Edge devices to the HPC Cloud"

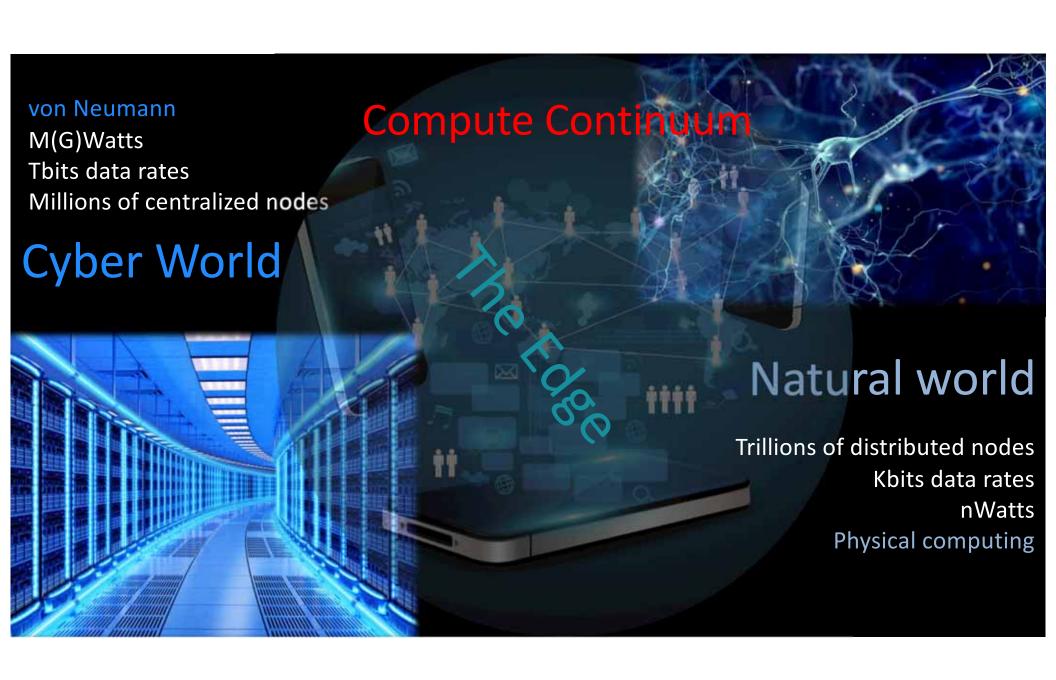
An emerging paradigm in digital distributed compute infrastructures

Move computation to where relevant data resides and resources are available at minimum cost

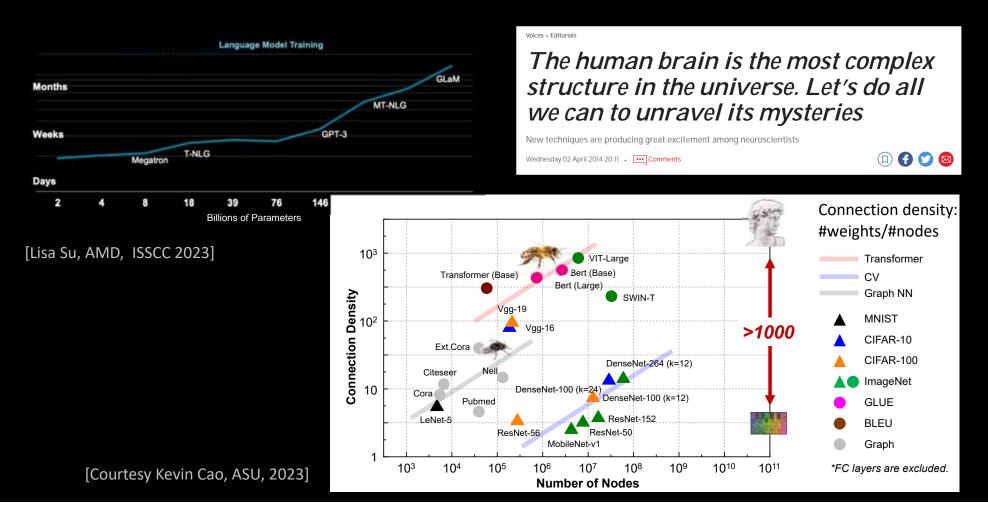


[Dell Technologies, 2022]

^{*} Also known as digital continuum or transcontinuum



New leaps in computational efficiency?



Largest Challenge: Stovepiping

- Interoperability, resource access, discovery, robustness, security
 - {Apple, Amazon, Tesla, YourGov, ...} World
- The obvious solutions
 Standards, Interfaces, Modularity,
 Distributed Management
 IoT, smart home, Industry 4.0



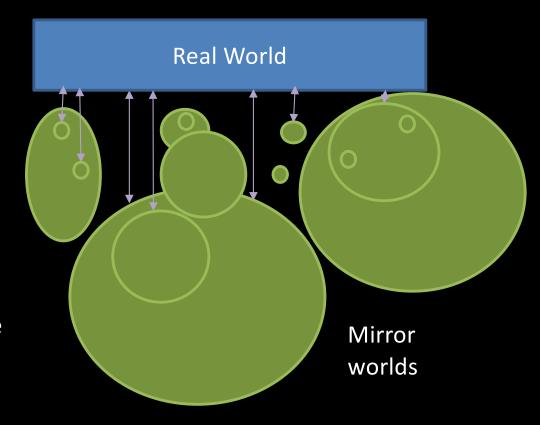
The ethics and policies of Mirror World

How to avoid multitude of disasters?

Trust, Robustness/Reliability
Authentication/Identity/Ownership
Privacy, Security

Divide and conquer

Need to be handled on a "per-bubble" space – data/compute sandboxes



Final Thoughts



MirrorWorld

is happening already

Building on IoT, xG and Al

Scattered, fractured, focused,

constrained

Too many parallel universes Amazingly powerful and scary ...

Pushing the limits on integrated system design